



National parks in Himachal Pradesh

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Great Himalayan National Park- Kullu

- Established in 1984 about 754.50 km² area.
- Status of national park in 1999.
- Attractive due to the- DEODAR and OAK trees.
- Home to around- 375 species of animals.
 - ❖ 31 species of mammals.
 - ❖ 181 species of birds.
- It is in the list of UNESCO World Heritage sites.
- It is located in far western Himalayas.
- About 10,000 plants species are found here.
- Species:- Himalayan black and brown bear, Grey Hooded warbler, greater blue sheep, Mongoose.



Inderkilla National Park:- Kullu

- Established in 2010
- Area about 104 km²
- Specialty:- More than 250 species of birds.
- There are many endangered plants, animals, birds and insects.
- Rich medicinal value plants.

Species- black and brown bear, leopards and mountain goats.



Khirganga National Park-Kullu

- Established in 2010
- Area: 710 km².
- River- Parvati watershed.
- Species- wild bears, snow leopard, blue sheep.
- Speciality: hot water spring. (Manikaran)



Pin Valley National Park = Kaza valley(Lahul and Spiti)

- Established-1958
- Area- 675 km².
- It is a cold desert biosphere reserve
- Endangered species- snow leopard and Siberian ibex
- Trees- alpine trees and Himalayan cedar groves .
- SPECIALITY- Medicinal plants species.



Simbalbara National Park – Paonta Valley , Sirmour

- Wildlife reserve in-1958
- Wildlife sanctuary-1974
- Declared as a national park in-2010
- Area-27.88km².
- Species- Goral, Sambhar, spotted deer, Chital, Himalayan black bear, Hanuman langurs.
- Specialty- Trekking trails





THANK YOU

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